

COMPACT **EASY TO HANDLE FLEXIBLE**









OPERATOR MODULE

Beta

For Ex-hazardous areas

The Beta operator module adapts to your application to make your process more efficient. This easy-to-use handheld module gives you incomparable freedom of movement, precise quality manoeuvres, and higher productivity while ensuring your operators' safety. With the Beta operator module, experience today's cutting-edge technology.

This operator module is designed for use in potentially explosive gases atmospheres classified 0, 1, 2, dust classified 20, 21, 22 and mines.

MAIN FEATURES)

- ightarrow Configurable, intelligent bi-directional radio link exchanges information while adapting to the radio environment.
- \rightarrow User-friendly screen display for look-up, selection, validation, configuration...
- ightarrow Compact, easy-to handle casing for one-hand control.
- \rightarrow Quick and easy setup for application configuration thanks to iDialog software (labels, feedback, alarms, mapping actuators/outputs, interlocks, network features, access by PIN codes).
- ightarrow Easy to maintain thanks to its diagnostic aid system (information on screen display, iDialog analysis software).

FULLY COMPLIANT WITH EUROPEAN DIRECTIVES:

ATEX manufacturer 94/9/CE

EC type certificate issued by LCIE



Machinery directive 2006/42/CE: Emergency stop → SIL 3 per EN 61508-1-7 → Performance level PL e per EN ISO 13849-1 and -2 EC type certificate issued by



Radio and telecommunication terminal equipment (low voltage, electromagnetic compatibility, radio spectrum) R&TTE 99/5/EC ARCEP certificate





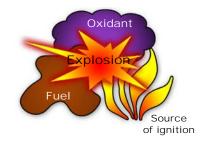


DEFINITION OF A POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE **ATMOSPHERE**

How an explosion happens

An explosion is formed by an association of the following 3 elements :

- An oxidant:
- in our case, the oxygen in the air.
- A fuel:
 - A gas (methane, acetylene, ...)
 - A fume (gasoline, solvent, ...)
 - A dust (wood, sugar, grain, ...).



- A source of ignition:
 - An electric arc
 - A mechanical spark
 - A high temperature

Consequences of an explosion

Explosions are responsible every year for around 6 deaths and 387 persons with permanent disability (IP) out of 379 accidents. These can produce major catastrophes, such as the explosion at the «AZF» plant at Toulouse (France) in 2001 or the «Blaye silo» near Bordeaux (France) in 1997, resulting in a large number of deaths and injuries, and destruction of the sites.

Protection against explosions

It is necessary to evaluate the specific hazards created by explosible atmospheres, keeping in mind:

- the probability that explosible atmospheres will occur and persist,
- the probability that sources of ignition, including electrostatic discharges, are present and will become active and
- the installations, substances and methods used, and their possible interactions,
- the extent of the foreseeable consequences.

The explosion hazards must be evaluated globally.

In practice, this requires:

- ■■Identification of zones representing a hazard and substances which could create explosible atmospheres.
- ■■ Classification of the explosive atmospheres in zones where there is an explosion hazard, assisted if necessary, by an outside organization.
- Definition of the equipment required to carry out the project.

With reference to user ATEX directive 99/92/CE.

The zones are standardised in accordance with their degree of dangerousness.

■ Definition of explosion hazard zones linked to :

GASES, FUMES AND FOG

atmosphere, consisting of a mixture with the air of combustible material in the form of gases, fumes or fog, is present continuously or over extended periods of time, or frequently.

ZONE 1 : location where an explosive atmosphere, consisting of a mixture with the air of combustible materials in the form of gases, fumes or fog, is likely to form occasionally under normal operation.

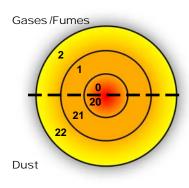
ZONE 2: location where an explosive atmosphere, consisting of a mixture with the air of combustible materials in the form of gases, fumes or fog, is not likely to form during normal operation, or should such a formation occur, is nonetheless only of short duration.

DUST

ZONE 0 : location where an explosive ZONE 20 : Location where an explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust is present in the air continuously, or over extended periods of time, or frequently.

> ZONE 21: Location where an explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust may occasionally form in the air during operation.

> ZONE 22: Location where an explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust is not likely to form in the air during normal operation, or should such a formation occur, is nonetheless only of short duration.



Continuous hazard

Hazard present during normal operating conditions

Limited hazard in the event of failure of a system (limited in time)

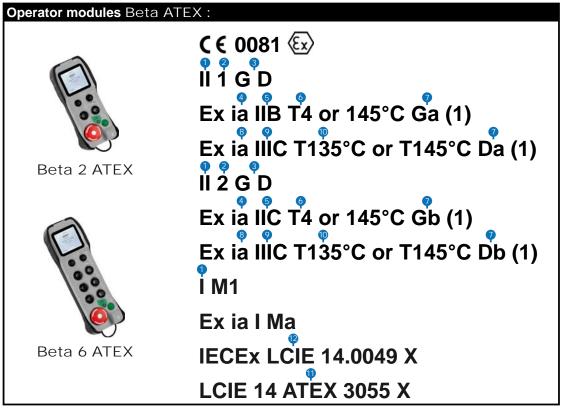






DEFINITION OF MARKINGS ON ATEX - IECEX PRODUCTS

Since July 1st, 2003, all Ex products must satisfy the requirements of the directive ATEX 94/9/CE, the evolution of the standard 60079-0 leads to a new product marking presented in the following tables:



- (1) Temperature classes depending on Tamb
- -20°C ≤ Tamb ≤ +40°C, temperature classes are T4 for gas and T135°C for dust.
- +40°C ≤ Tamb ≤ +50°C, temperature classes are 145°C for gas and T145°C for dust.

■ Below are the tables to understand the ATEX marquing :

1 Device group

Device group	Application
Group I	Electrical devices intended for use in firedamp mines. (underground work in the mines and parts of ground installations) => Protection against firedamp
Group II	Electrical devices intended for all other explosible atmospheres than firedamp mines (ground industries) => Protection against explosions

23 ATEX classification

Category of equipment	Flammable substances	Degree of protection	Description
1	G Gas D Dust	Very high level	Devices capable of operating in the atmospheres where the risk of explosion is permanent or almost permanent (zones 0, 1, 2 and 20, 21, 22)
2	G Gas D Dust	High level	Devices capable of operating in the atmospheres where the risk of explosion is frequent (zones 1, 2 and 21, 22)
3	G Gas D Dust	Normal	Devices capable of operating in the atmospheres where the risk of explosion is occasional (zones 2 and 22)







4 Protection modes for electrical equipment in gaseous atmospheres

Dro	Protection mode Standard		ection mode Standard Basic principle		Application in ZONE		
FIC			Standard	Basic principle	0	1	2
d	d Explosion proof enclosure EN/IEC 60079-1		EN/IEC 60079-1	The extremely heavy duty enclosure contains the explosion inside the device. The explosion proof seals of the device prevent any propagation of the flame outside the enclosure. The seals are regularly serviced.		•	•
е	Enhanced sa	fety	EN/IEC 60079-7	The components inside the enclosure must not produce arcs, sparks or dangerous temperatures under normal utilization conditions. The enclosure must be tight to IP 54 and withstand impacts.			•
	Intrinsic	ia EN/IEC 60079-11		The actual design of the circuit, where the energy is limited at the entry by a Zener barrier or a galvanic insulator makes it impossible for arcs or electrical sparks to form, subdivided into "ia" resists 2 defects: suitable for zone 0, and "ib" resists 1 defect: suitable for zones 1 and 2.		•	•
	safety		EN/IEC 60079-11	The actual design of the circuit, where the energy is limited at the entry by a Zener barrier or a galvanic insulator makes it impossible for arcs or electrical sparks to form, subdivided into "ia" resists 2 defects: suitable for zone 0, and "ib" resists 1 defect: suitable for zones 1 and 2.		•	•
m	m Encapsulation EN/IEC 60079-1		EN/IEC 60079-18	For this protection mode, all the electronics is encapsulated in an insulating material to prevent electrical arcs or electrical sparks.			•
n	n Zone 2 EN/IEC 600		EN/IEC 60079-15	This protection mode is only suitable for devices intended for zone 2 where the risk of explosion is low. It combines the enhanced safety mode "e" with lower protection requirements.			•
o	o Immersion EN/IE		EN/IEC 60079-6	The material or the electrical circuit is immersed in oil. The explosive mixture is located above the liquid and cannot be ignited by the electrical circuit.			•
р	p Internal overpressure EN/IEC 60079		EN/IEC 60079-2	A pressurized gas is introduced in the enclosure to prevent the possibly-explosive surrounding atmosphere from entering the enclosure.		•	•
q	q Powdery filler EN/IEC 60079-5		EN/IEC 60079-5	For this protection mode, all the electronics is encapsulated in an inert powdery material to prevent electrical arcs or electrical sparks.			

5 Classification of gases and fumes by explosion groups (non-exhaustive list)

Group IIA		Group IIB		Group IIC	
Propane	Acetone	Ethylene	Ethyl oxide	Acetylene	
Ethane	Hexane	Diethylene	Sulphuretted hydrogen	Hydrogen	
Butane	Methanol	Ethyl ether	Ethanol	Carbon disulfide	
Benzene	Paint thinners	Cycloprodene			
Pentane	Natural gas	Butadiene 1-3			
Heptane		Propylene oxide			

6 Gas temperature classes

The safe use of equipment in dangerous areas requires knowledge of the gas group and compare the temperature auto-ignition of gaseous mixtures treated to the temperature of equipment marking.

The maximum surface temperature of the material must always be less than the autoignition temperature of the gas present in the dangerous area.

Temperature class	MAXIMUM surface temperature of electrical equipment	Ignition temperatures of FLAMMABLE materials
T1	450°C	> 450°C
T2	300°C	> 300°C
Т3	200°C	> 200°C
T4	135°C	> 135°C
Т5	100°C	> 100°C
T6	85°C	> 85°C







7 Equipment protection level (EPL)
Traditional relationship between level of protection and areas / categories (without additional risk assessment).

Equipment protection level (EPL)	Normal range of application	Category (94/9/CE)
Ga	0 (and 1 and 2)	1G
Gb	1 (and 2)	2G
Gc	2	3G
Da	20 (and 21 and 22)	1D
Db	21 (and 22)	2D
Dc	22	3D
Ma / Mb	mines	M1 / M2

8 Protection modes for electrical equipment in dusty atmospheres

Protection mode Star		Standard	Basic principle		Application in ZONE		
		Standard		20	21	22	
. Intrinsic		ia	EN/IEC 60079-11	The actual design of the circuit, where the energy is limited at the entry by a Zener barrier or a galvanic insulator makes it impossible for arcs or electrical sparks to form, subdivided into "ia" resists 2 defects: suitable for zone 0, and "ib" resists 1 defect: suitable for zones 1 and 2.	•	•	•
,	ib EN/IEC 60079-11 at it in		EN/IEC 60079-11	The actual design of the circuit, where the energy is limited at the entry by a Zener barrier or a galvanic insulator makes it impossible for arcs or electrical sparks to form, subdivided into "ia" resists 2 defects: suitable for zone 0, and "ib" resists 1 defect: suitable for zones 1 and 2.		•	•
m	m Encapsulation		EN/IEC 60079-18	For this protection mode, all the electronics is encapsulated in an insulating material to prevent electrical arcs or electrical sparks.			•
р	p Internal overpressure		EN/IEC 60079-2	A pressurized gas is introduced in the enclosure to prevent the possibly-explosive surrounding atmosphere from entering the enclosure.			•
t	t Explosion proof enclosure		EN/IEC 60079-31	The extremely heavy duty envelope contains the explosion inside the device. The explosion proof seals of the device prevent any propagation of the flame outside the enclosure. The seals are regularly serviced.		•	•

9 Classification of dust by explosion groups

Explosion groups	Type of dust	Fundamental principle
Group IIIA	Combustible dust in suspension	Very fine solid particles of nominal size of about 500 microns or less, can be suspended in the air, which can be deposited because of their own weight and that can burn or be consumed in the air and are suceptible to form explosive mixtures with air under conditions of atmospheric pressure and normal temperature.
Group IIIB Non-conductive dust		Combustible dust electrical resistivity greater than $10^3~\Omega.m.$ Size < $500~\mu m$
Group IIIC	Conductive dust	Combustible dust electrical resistivity at or below $10^3~\Omega.m.$ Size < $500~\mu m$

10 Maximum surface temperature for dusty atmospheres

11 LCIE: certificate of EC type examination number

12 LCIE: IECEx certificate number











BIDIRECTIONAL RADIO LINK

BREATHABLE MEMBRANE PREVENTS CONDENSATION

Stort

Association Setup OPTION BUZZER 80 dbA

TOUGH BACKLIT SCREEN WITH ANTI-REFLECTION, SHOCK-PROOF, ANTI-SCRATCHING FEATURES

MULTIMODES OPTION

LABELS FOR IDENTIFYING FUNCTIONS

INTEGRATED
REINFORCED ABS
AND PROTECTIVE
FOAM

SEALS

NAVIGATION BUTTONS

CASING SHAPED TO PREVENT UNINTENTIONAL



EMERGENCY STOP PALMSWITCH SIL 3 - PL e

OPTION AUTOMATIC DETECTION OF INACTIVITY «DEAD MAN»

OPTION ALARM DEVICE FOR ISOLATED WORKER DATI



STRAP

ON / VALIDATION

HIGH-CAPACITY PLUG-IN BATTERY (6+4 MODEL)



SEALED USB INTERFACE FOR DIAGNOSTICS, CONFIGURATION









DESCRIPTION

The operator module comes in two housing versions :

- → « 2+ 4(a) »^(a) operator module with 2 function buttons^(b):
 - 2 single-action pushbuttons
 - OR 2 double-action pushbuttons
- → « 6 + 4 »^[a] operator module with 6 function buttons^[b]:
 - 6 single-action pushbuttons
- or 6 double-action pushbuttons
- OR 4 double-action pushbuttons
 - + 2 single-action pushbuttons (under the navigation buttons)
- al Each version has 2 navigation pushbuttons, 1 «On/validation» pushbutton and 1 emergency stop palmswitch.
- b) The single-action pushbuttons can be configured as selectors for 2, 3 or «n» positions with status indication on the screen.

The screen on the operator module allows you to easily configure and choose items such as :





- ightarrow The screen language
- > The transceiver which you want to use
- > The radio transmit frequency and power
- → The duration of the « standby » time delay (Automatically stops operator module and associated transceiver if not used for a defined period of time)
- The different operating modes of the equipment (32 max.)

It also allows to view :

- Battery charge level
- Radio communication
- Equipment labels and controlled functions (max 96 different labels for selectors)
- Equipment feedback (16 max feedback with 10 labels / feedback and max 48 labels in total)
- Alarms (8 for application use + 8 for system)

Compatibility:

These operator modules work with **Elio**, **Alto**, **Timo** transceivers to be defined according the application.

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND ENVIRONMENTAL WITHSTAND CAPACITY

Housing material	shock-resistant reinforced ABS
	with anti-static charge
Tightness	IP65
Weight (with battery)	2 + 4 buttons : 400 g
	6 + 4 buttons : 485 g
Dimensions	2 + 4 buttons : 182 x 75 x 50 mm
	6 + 4 buttons : 235 x 75 x 50 mm
Stowed	2 + 4 buttons : on charger support for
	operator module
	6 + 4 buttons : on mechanical support
Carried	by 2-point shoulder strap

ENVIRONMENTAL WITHSTAND CAPACITY

Operating temperature range	-20°C to + 50°C
Storage temperature range of housing alone	-20°C to + 70°C
Storage temperature range of battery	-20°C to + 50°C

ELECTRICAL AND RADIO CHARACTERISTICS

Power supply	Li-ion battery		
	2 + 4 buttons : internal battery		
	6 + 4 buttons : plug-in battery		
Mode de charge de la batterie	2 + 4 buttons : on charger support for		
	operator module		
	6 + 4 buttons : on charger for battery		
Endurance (25°C) of radio link, activated	<u> </u>		
100% time	10 hours		
Frequency selection	64 frequencies on 433-434 MHz		
Manual / automatic	12 frequencies on 869 MHz		
	64 frequencies on 911-918 MHz		
Transmit power	< 10 mW (license free)		
Range limitation	10 power levels, configurable		
Modulation	FM		
Average range (1)	100 m in industrial space [1]		
	300 m in open space [1]		
Charging time (endurance > 80%)	3 H (20 mn of charge get 1h autonomy)		
Charging temperature range	0°C to + 40°C		

FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

Display	Backlit LCD display, 128 x 128 pixels
	42mm (L) x 40mm (H) Black / White
USB interface for configuration and	mini-B 5-point USB connector
diagnostics	Easily accessible by cover on
	back contact of operator module
Operating indications	Visible on screen (radio link status,
	battery status, status of buttons,
	information feedback)
Function buttons	2 or 6 pushbuttons (available as single
	or double-action buttons
	and configurable as selectors with n positions)
Navigation and	2 pushbuttons to
startup buttons	configure the product
	1 On / Validation button (for startup
	and validation of menus on screen)
Emergency stop	2 positions with rotary unlock system
Standby function	User-definable time delay
	(from 1 s to infinity)

⁽¹⁾ Range varies according to environment conditions around operator module and reception antenna (steel works, metal walls, etc.).

ADDITIONAL OPTIONS

M12 INDUSTRIAL CONNECTOR FOR 2 DRY CONTACTS

- 4 connection points
- switching capacity < 10 mA
- male socket
- supplied with cap

ACCESSORIES



Standard charger support for Beta 2 operator module

Standard version references Dimensions: 170x65x36 mm

PWCB020

Dimensions: 220x82x76 mm Power supply : 12/24 VDC

Power: 7w

References for version with 2 relays + 1 logic input + buzzer

PWCB021

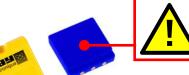
References version with 1 relay + 4 logic inputs + buzzer

PWCB022



Mechanical support for Beta 6 operator module

Reference : PWCB06M Dimensions: 272x82x76 mm



IMPORTANT :

The battery shall not be charged in potentially explosive area.



Dimensions: 41x72x39 mm

Power supply: 100-240VAC

Reference: UBCU

Output : 12VDC

Power: 7 w

Battery charger Mains power adapter for battery charger

Reference: PWC

Power supply: 12/24 VDC

Power: 7w Plug-in battery

for Beta 6 operator module

Reference: PYB Dimensions: 57x56x16 mm Voltage: 3,7V

Capacity: 1900mAh Technology: lithium Ion

Sheet of adhesive

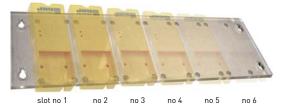
labels for your mobile equipment:



Cigarette lighter plug adapter for battery charger

Reference: PWA4 Dimensions: 90x20x20 mm Power supply: 12-24VDC

Output: Power supply



Rack for battery chargers (6 slots)

Sold without charger

Reference: PWR

Dimensions: 470x147x8 mm



Mains power adapter for rack

Reference: PWAUR Power supply: 100-240VAC

Output: 12VDC Power: 36 w

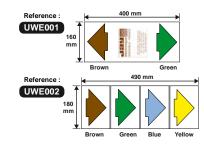


Removable 2-point shoulder strap

Reference: PYM110

M12 female 4/5 points cable

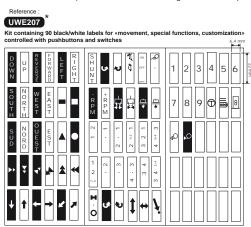
Reference: PWM201 Length: 2 m

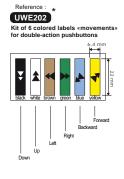


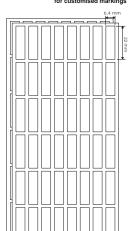
Reference

Sheet of adhesive labels for operator module:

The button functions are identified by adhesive labels in the recesses provided in the operator module casing next to the pushbuttons.







Kit containing 48 white blank labels + 48 trans-parent protecting labels



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